

# FlexibleSUSY – A spectrum generator generator for supersymmetric models

Peter Athron, Jae-hyeon Park,  
Dominik Stöckinger, Alexander Voigt

University of Adelaide, Universitat de València, TU Dresden

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What is a spectrum generator?

Why creating a new one?

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NMSSM spectrum generator

Boundary conditions

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Parameter scans

## ④ Conclusions and future plans

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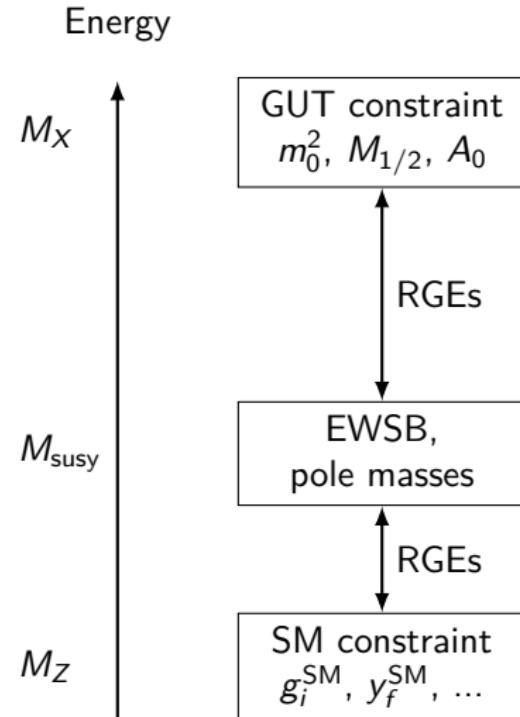
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# Motivation – What is a spectrum generator?



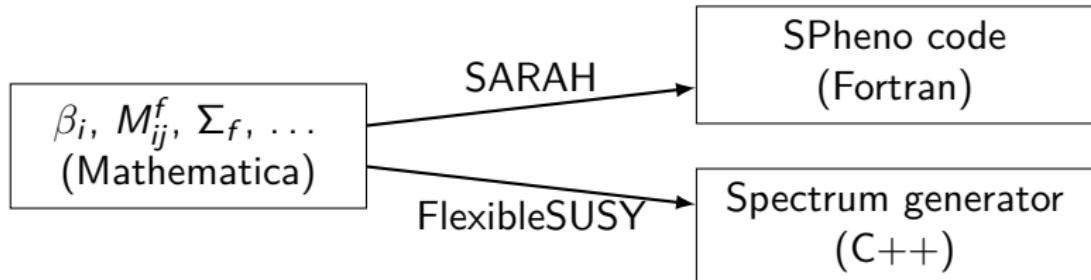
## Motivation – Available SUSY spectrum generators

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Model	Spectrum generator
MSSM	ISASUSY, SOFTSUSY, SPheno, SuSeFlav, SuSpect
NMSSM	NMSPEC, SOFTSUSY, (SPheno)
CE <sub>6</sub> SSM	CE6SSMSpecGen
<b>any SUSY model</b>	<b>SARAH, FlexibleSUSY</b>

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# Motivation – Why creating a new one?



## Motivation:

- large variety of supersymmetric models  
→ user customization desired
- convergence problems in certain parameter regions  
→ provide alternative RG solvers
- High-dimensional parameter space  
→ short run-time desired

# Design goals

- **modular**, object oriented, well readable C++ code  
⇒ easy to customize, reuse and extend! ✓
- **multiple RGE+BC solvers**:
  - two-scale running (adaptive Runge-Kutta) ✓
  - lattice method + variants (Jae-hyeon Park) ✓
- **speed** (smart linear algebra, multithreading) ✓
- **high precision** (2-loop  $\beta_i$ , 1-loop  $\Sigma_f$ , 1-loop EWSB, leading 2-loop Higgs for MSSM + NMSSM) ✓
- SARAH-like user interface ✓
- tower of effective field theories ✓

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## Usage examples – NMSSM spectrum generator

1. Get the source code from <https://flexiblesusy.hepforge.org>
2. Create a NMSSM spectrum generator:

```
$ ./install-sarah # if not already installed  
$ ./createmodel --name=NMSSM  
$ ./configure --with-models=NMSSM  
$ make
```

3. Calculate spectrum for given parameter point (SLHA format):

```
$ ./models/NMSSM/run_NMSSM.x \  
--slha-input-file=models/NMSSM/LesHouches.in.NMSSM  
  
Block MASS  
1000021      5.05906233E+02    # Glu  
1000024      1.46609728E+02    # Cha_1  
1000037      3.99399367E+02    # Cha_2  
37          4.33363816E+02    # Hpm_2  
...
```

## Usage examples – boundary conditions

```
$ cat models/NMSSM/FlexibleSUSY.m
```

```
FSModelName = "NMSSM";  
  
MINPAR = { {1, m0}, {2, m12}, {3, TanBeta}, {5, Azero} };  
  
EXTPAR = { {61, LambdaInput} };  
  
EWSBOutputParameters = { \[Kappa], vS, ms2 };  
  
SUSYScale = Sqrt[M[Su[1]]*M[Su[6]]];  
  
HighScale = g1 == g2;  
  
HighScaleInput = {  
    {mHd2, m0^2}, {mHu2, m0^2}, {mq2, UNITMATRIX[3] m0^2},  
    ...  
};  
  
LowScale = SM[MZ];  
  
LowScaleInput = { ... };
```

# Usage examples – NUH-NMSSM spectrum generator

Create NUH-NMSSM model file:

```
$ mkdir model_files/NUHNMSSM  
$ cp model_files/NMSSM/* model_files/NUHNMSSM/
```

Edit the model file:

```
EXTPAR = {{21, mHd2In}, {22, mHu2In}, ... };  
  
HighScaleInput = {  
  {mHd2, mHd2In}, {mHu2, mHu2In}, ... };
```

Create the NUH-NMSSM spectrum generator:

```
$ ./createmodel --name=NUHNMSSM --sarah-model=NMSSM  
$ ./configure --with-models=NUHNMSSM  
$ make  
$ ./models/NUHNMSSM/run_NUHNMSSM.x \  
  --slha-input-file=[...]
```

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## Generated spectrum generator C++ code

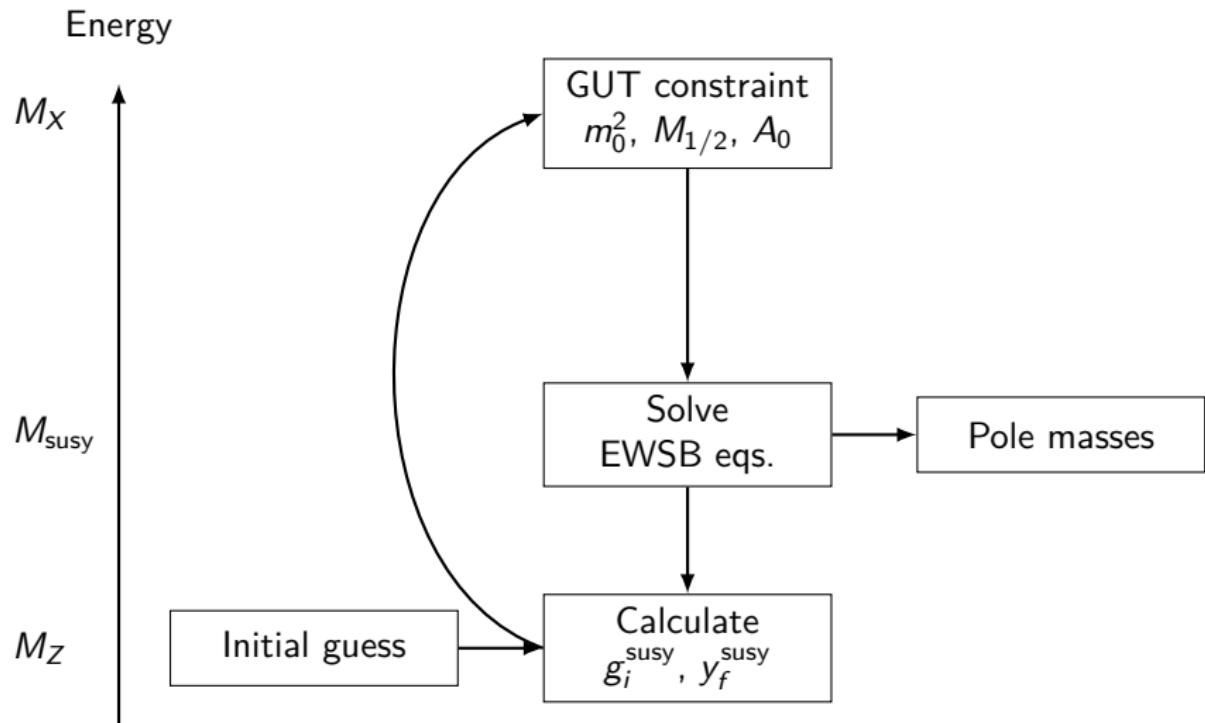
```
typedef Two_scale T; // or Lattice
NMSSM<T> nmssm;
NMSSM_input_parameters input;
QedQcd qedqcd;

// create BCs
std::vector<Constraint<T>*> constraints = {
    new NMSSM_low_scale_constraint<T>(input, qedqcd),
    new NMSSM_susy_scale_constraint<T>(input),
    new NMSSM_high_scale_constraint<T>(input)
};

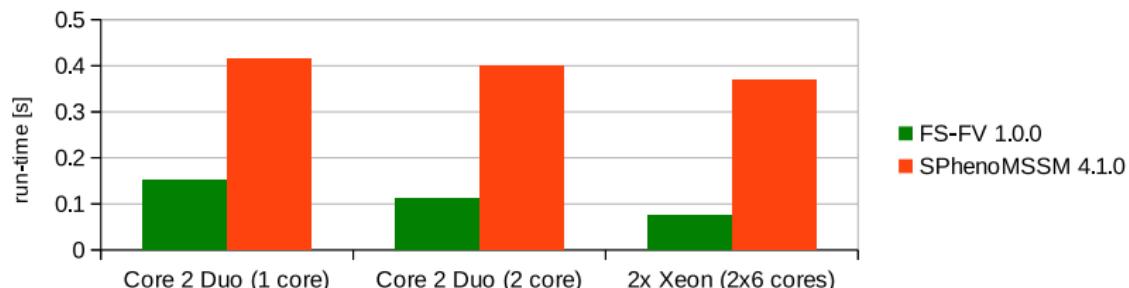
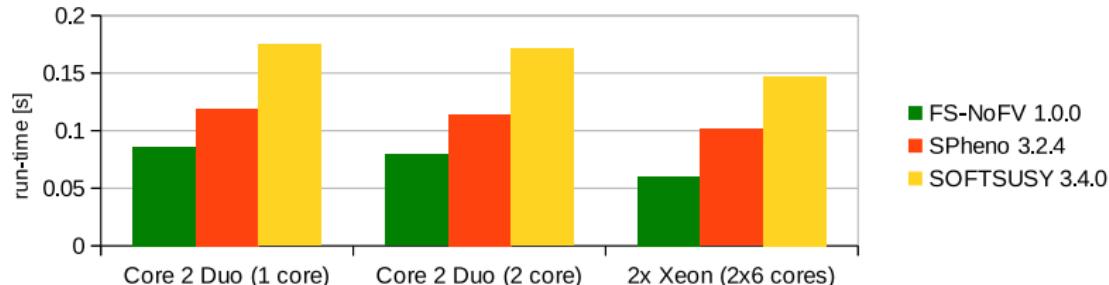
// solve RG eqs. with the above BCs
RGFlow<T> solver;
solver.add_model(&nmssm, constraints);
solver.solve();

nmssm.calculate_spectrum();
```

# RGE+BC solver

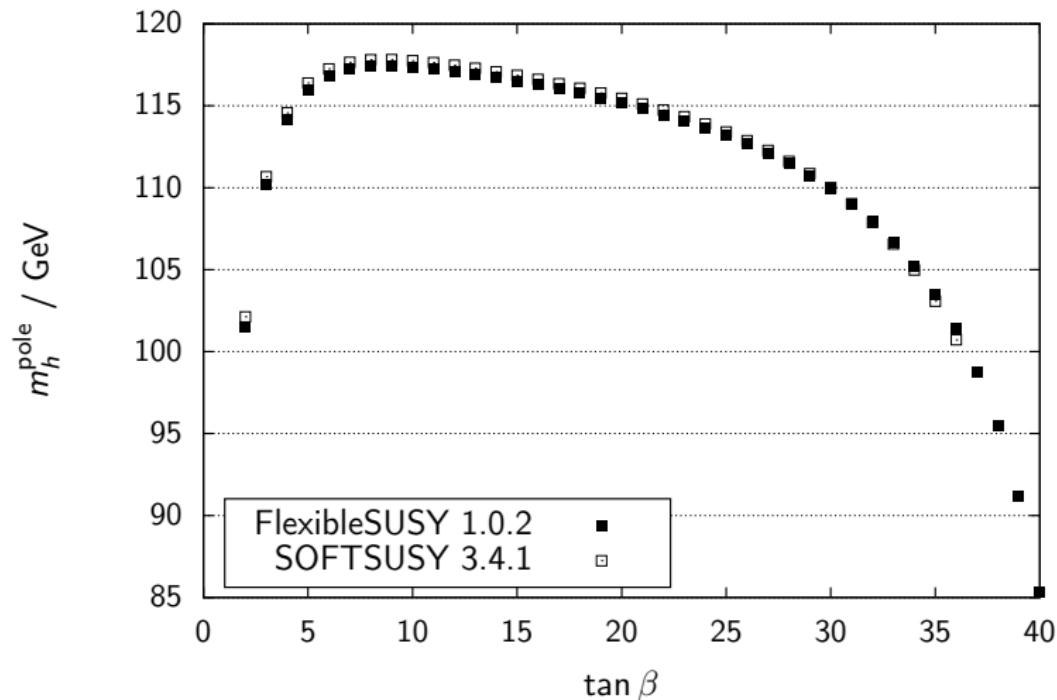


# CMSSM run-time comparison



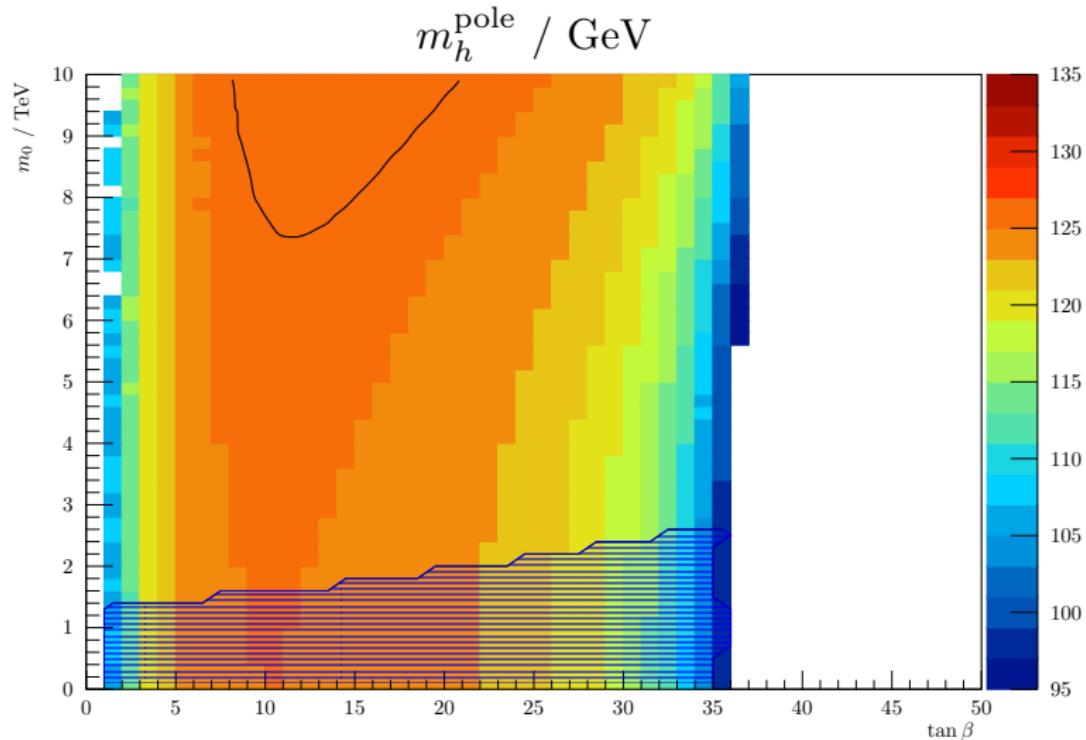
g++ 4.8.0, ifort 13.1.3 20130607

# NMSSM Higgs mass comparison



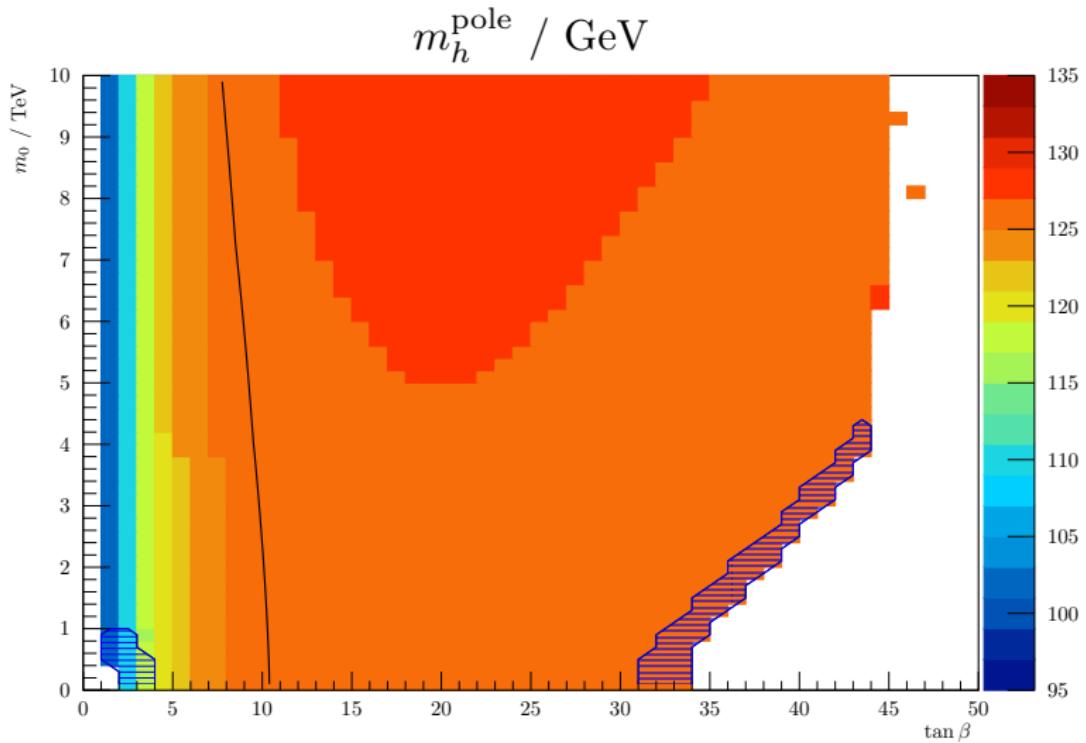
$m_0 = M_{1/2} = -A_0 = 1 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $\lambda(M_X) = 0.1$ ,  $\text{sign } v_s = +1$ .

# NMSSM parameter scan



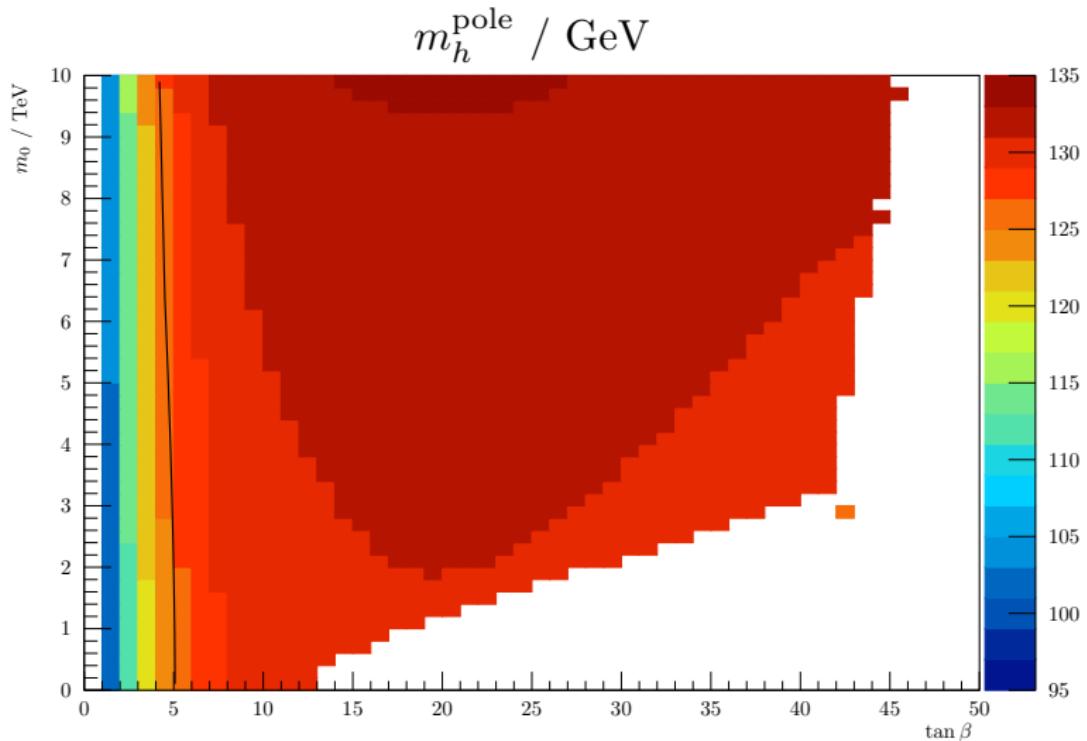
$$M_{1/2} = -A_0 = 5 \text{ TeV}, \lambda(M_X) = 0.1, \text{sign } v_s = +1.$$

# USSM parameter scan



$M_{1/2} = A_0 = 5 \text{ TeV}, \lambda(M_X) = 0.1, v_s = 10 \text{ TeV}.$

# $E_6$ SSM parameter scan



$$M_{1/2} = A_0 = 5 \text{ TeV}, \lambda(M_X) = \kappa(M_X) = 0.1, v_s = 10 \text{ TeV}.$$

# Conclusions

## FlexibleSUSY

- is **modular** (C++ classes, easy to modify, extend and reuse)
- is **fast** (CMSSM run-time  $\approx 0.1$  s)
- is **precise** (2-loop  $\beta_i$ , 1-loop  $\Sigma_f$ , 1-loop EWSB, leading 2-loop Higgs for MSSM + NMSSM)
- provides **different RGE solvers**
  - two-scale running (adaptive Runge-Kutta)
  - lattice method + variants (prototype status)

Currently supported models:

- CMSSM, NUH-MSSM, NMSSM, SMSSM, USSM, NUHM-E<sub>6</sub>SSM, MRSSM, TMSSM, ...

<https://flexiblesusy.hepforge.org>

## Future plans

- FlexibleDecay ( $h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, \dots$ )
- some observables ( $(g - 2)_\mu, \dots$ )
- interface to HiggsBounds
- leading two-loop Higgs mass corrections  $\forall$  SUSY models
- support non-SUSY models (FlexibleBSM)
- *automatic* tower of effective field theories
- complex parameters (to study CP violation, etc.)
- ...

# Thank you!



# NMSSM-SOFTSUSY vs. NMSSM-FlexibleSUSY

NMSSM-SOFTSUSY	NMSSM-FlexibleSUSY
Decay interface for NMHDECAY	FlexibleDecay
optimized couplings	automatically generated couplings
2 EWSB variants	user-defined
BCs via C++	BCS via Mathematica
fast pole masses	fast RGE running
stable code basis	automatically generated
few dependencies	requires Mathematica, SARAH, Boost, etc.
$G_\mu$ input	$m_W$ input

# NMSSM

$$SU(3)_c \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{W}_{\text{NMSSM}} = & \lambda S(H_1 H_2) - y_{ij}^e (H_1 L_i) \bar{E}_j - y_{ij}^d (H_1 Q_i) \bar{D}_j - y_{ij}^u (Q_i H_2) \bar{U}_j \\ & + \frac{\kappa}{3} S^3\end{aligned}$$

$$h_1^0 \rightarrow \frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}} + h_1^0, \quad h_2^0 \rightarrow \frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}} + h_2^0, \quad s \rightarrow \frac{v_s}{\sqrt{2}} + s$$

mSUGRA-inspired GUT constraint:

$$\begin{aligned}(m_f^2)_{ij}(M_X) &= m_0^2 \delta_{ij} & (f = q, \ell, u, d, e, h_1, h_2), \\ A_{ij}^f(M_X) &= A_0, & (f = u, d, e, \lambda, \kappa), \\ M_i(M_X) &= M_{1/2} & (i = 1, 2, 3).\end{aligned}$$

EWSB output:  $\kappa(M_S)$ ,  $v_s(M_S)$ ,  $m_s^2(M_S)$

# USSM

$$SU(3)_c \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \times U(1)'$$

$$\mathcal{W}_{\text{USSM}} = \lambda S(H_1 H_2) - y_{ij}^e (H_1 L_i) \bar{E}_j - y_{ij}^d (H_1 Q_i) \bar{D}_j - y_{ij}^u (Q_i H_2) \bar{U}_j$$

$$h_1^0 \rightarrow \frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}} + h_1^0, \quad h_2^0 \rightarrow \frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}} + h_2^0, \quad s \rightarrow \frac{v_s}{\sqrt{2}} + s$$

mSUGRA-inspired GUT constraint:

$$(m_f^2)_{ij}(M_X) = m_0^2 \delta_{ij} \quad (f = q, \ell, u, d, e),$$

$$A_{ij}^f(M_X) = A_0, \quad (f = u, d, e, \lambda),$$

$$M_i(M_X) = M_{1/2} \quad (i = 1, 2, 3, 4).$$

EWsb output:  $m_{h_1}^2(M_S), m_{h_2}^2(M_S), m_s^2(M_S)$

# $E_6$ SSM

$$SU(3)_c \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \times U(1)_N$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{W}_{E_6SSM} = & \lambda_3 S_3(H_{13}H_{23}) - y_{ij}^e(H_{13}L_i)\bar{E}_j - y_{ij}^d(H_{13}Q_i)\bar{D}_j - y_{ij}^u(Q_iH_{23})\bar{U}_j \\ & + \kappa_{ij}S_3(X_i\bar{X}_j) + \lambda_{\alpha\beta}S_3(H_{1\alpha}H_{2\beta}) + \mu'(H'\bar{H}')\end{aligned}$$

$$h_1^0 \rightarrow \frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}} + h_1^0, \quad h_2^0 \rightarrow \frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}} + h_2^0, \quad s \rightarrow \frac{v_s}{\sqrt{2}} + s$$

mSUGRA-inspired GUT constraint:

$$(m_f^2)_{ij}(M_X) = m_0^2 \delta_{ij} \quad (\forall \text{ scalars, except } h_1, h_2, s),$$

$$A_{ij}^f(M_X) = A_0, \quad (f = u, d, e, \lambda, \kappa),$$

$$M_i(M_X) = M_{1/2} \quad (i = 1, 2, 3, 4).$$

EWsb output:  $m_{h_1}^2(M_S), m_{h_2}^2(M_S), m_s^2(M_S)$