

On the calculation of threshold corrections in the constrained Exceptional Supersymmetric Standard Model (cE₆SSM)

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Exceptional Supersymmetric Standard Model (E₆SSM)

[S. F. King, S. Moretti, R. Nevzorov, Phys.Rev.D73:035009 (2006)]

- E₆ inspired model with an extra U(1) gauge symmetry
- solves μ problem of MSSM dynamically
- broken down $E_6 \rightarrow SU(3)_c \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \times U(1)_N$

Matter content: 3 complete fundamental 27 representations of the E₆ plus 2 Higgs like doublets H' , $\overline{H'}$

Table: Matter content of the E₆SSM ($i = 1, 2, 3$)

$Q_i, u_i^c, d_i^c, L_i, e_i^c, N_i^c$	Standard Model matter
S_i	$U(1)_N$ singlet fields
H_{1i}, H_{2i}	Higgs like fields
X_i, \overline{X}_i	exotic colored matter
$H', \overline{H'}$	extra Higgs like doublets

Exceptional Supersymmetric Standard Model (E₆SSM)

Approximate the Superpotential:

- imposing a $Z_2^{B/L}$ (analog to R parity) and (approximate) Z_2^H symmetry to evade rapid proton decay and FCNC
- integrate out: N_i^c , H' , \overline{H}'
- keep dominant terms

\Rightarrow

$$\begin{aligned} W_{\text{E}_6\text{SSM}} \approx & h_t(H_u Q)t^c + h_b(H_d Q)b^c + h_\tau(H_d L)\tau^c \\ & + \lambda_i S_3(H_{1i} H_{2i}) + \kappa_i S_3(X_i \overline{X}_i) \\ & (i = 1, 2, 3) \end{aligned}$$

Constrained Exceptional Supersymmetric Standard Model

[P. Athron, S. F. King, D. J. Miller, S. Moretti, R. Nevzorov, Phys.Rev.D80:035009 (2009)]

Constrained model defined by mass universality at M_X :

scalar masses = m_0 ,

Gaugino masses = $M_{1/2}$,

trilinear couplings = A

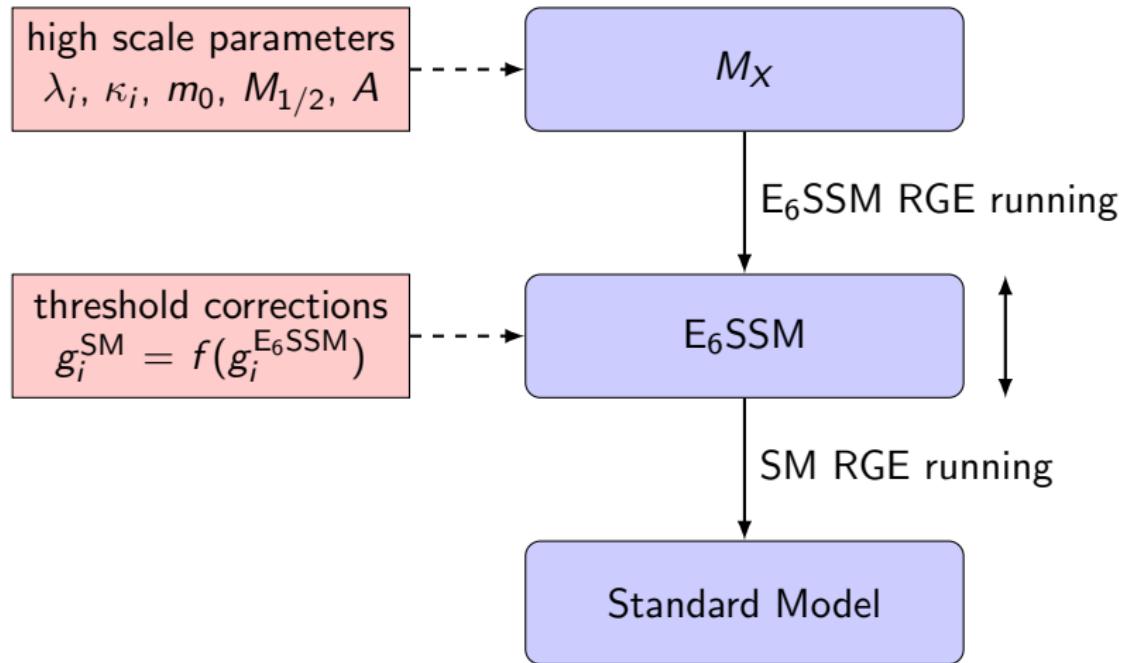
Input parameters for the constrained model:

$\lambda_i(M_X), \kappa_i(M_X), m_0, M_{1/2}, A$

$\Leftrightarrow \lambda_i(M_X), \kappa_i(M_X), v, \tan \beta, \langle S_3 \rangle$

Our aim: More precise particle masses

Why do we need threshold corrections?



Matching procedure

Most important: Gauge coupling g_3 of $SU(3)_c$, since $\beta_3^{1L} = 0$

effective theory:

$$\mathcal{L}^{\text{SM}} = -\hat{g}_3 \hat{\bar{\psi}} \hat{A}^a T^a \hat{\psi} + \dots$$

full theory:

$$\mathcal{L}^{\text{E}_6\text{SSM}} = -g_3 \bar{\psi} A^a T^a \psi + \dots$$

Matching conditions:

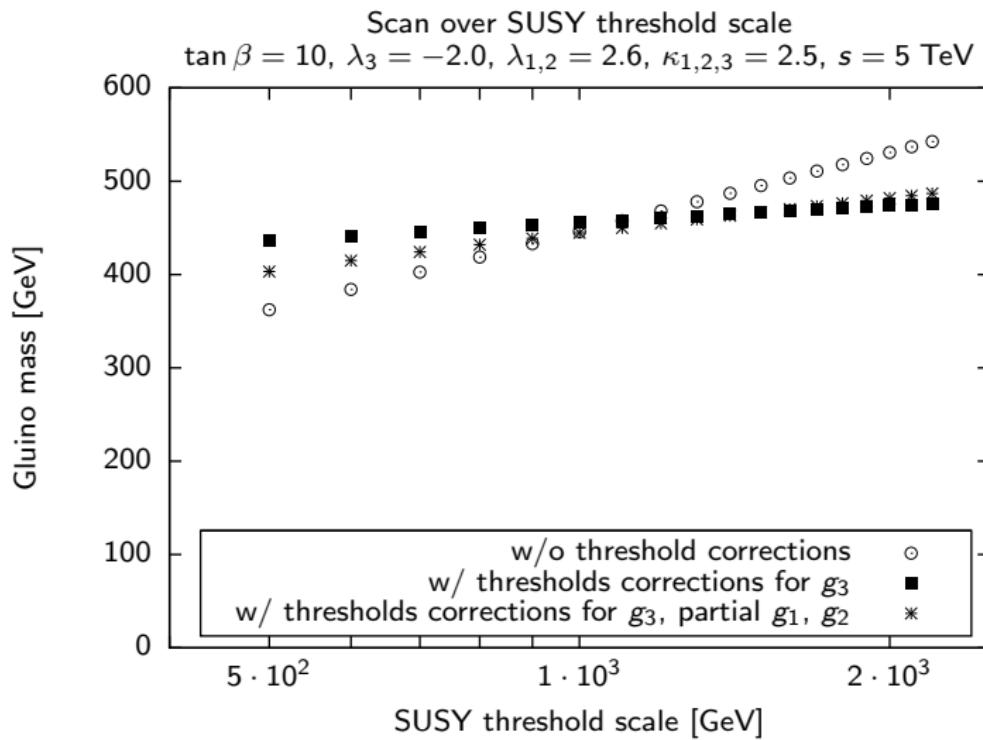
$$\Gamma_{\psi, \bar{\psi}}^{\text{E}_6\text{SSM}} = \Gamma_{\psi, \bar{\psi}}^{\text{SM}}, \quad \Gamma_{A_\mu^a, A_\nu^b}^{\text{E}_6\text{SSM}} = \Gamma_{A_\mu^a, A_\nu^b}^{\text{SM}}, \quad \Gamma_{A_\mu^a, \psi, \bar{\psi}}^{\text{E}_6\text{SSM}} = \Gamma_{A_\mu^a, \psi, \bar{\psi}}^{\text{SM}}$$

\Rightarrow

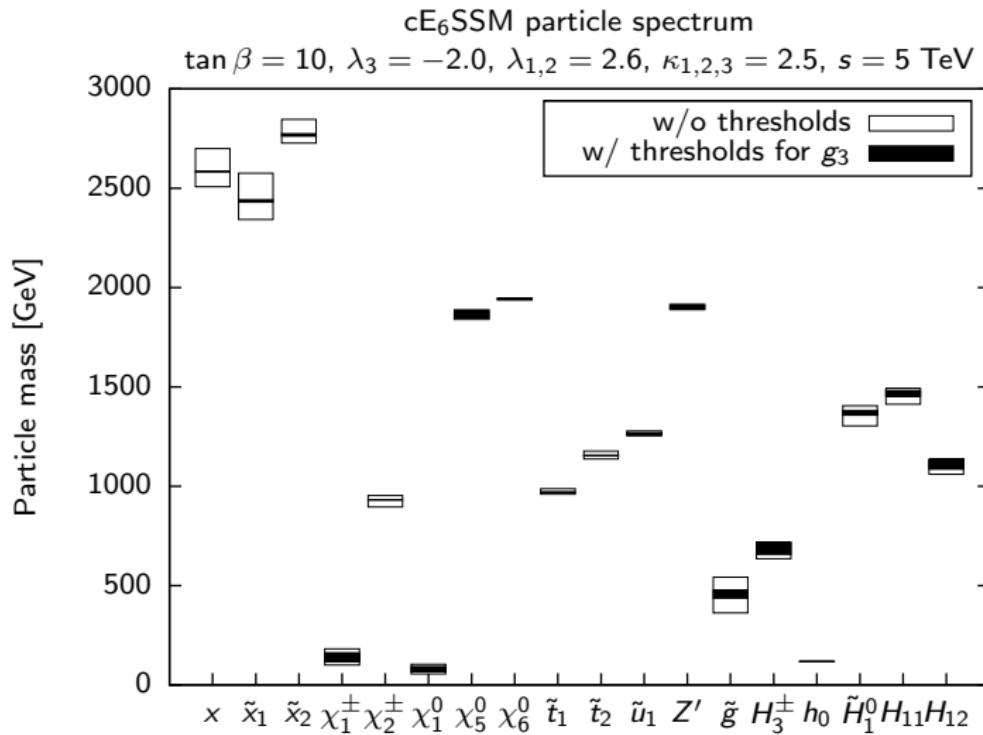
$$g_3^{\text{E}_6\text{SSM}, \overline{\text{DR}}} = g_3^{\text{SM}, \overline{\text{MS}}} + \frac{g_3^3}{(4\pi)^2} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} - 2 \log \left(\frac{m_{\tilde{g}}}{\mu} \right) - \frac{1}{6} \sum_{\tilde{q}} \log \left(\frac{m_{\tilde{q}}}{\mu} \right) - \frac{2}{3} \sum_x \log \left(\frac{m_x}{\mu} \right) - \frac{1}{6} \sum_{\tilde{x}} \log \left(\frac{m_{\tilde{x}}}{\mu} \right) \right\}$$

[J. L. Hall, Nucl.Phys.B178 (1981)]

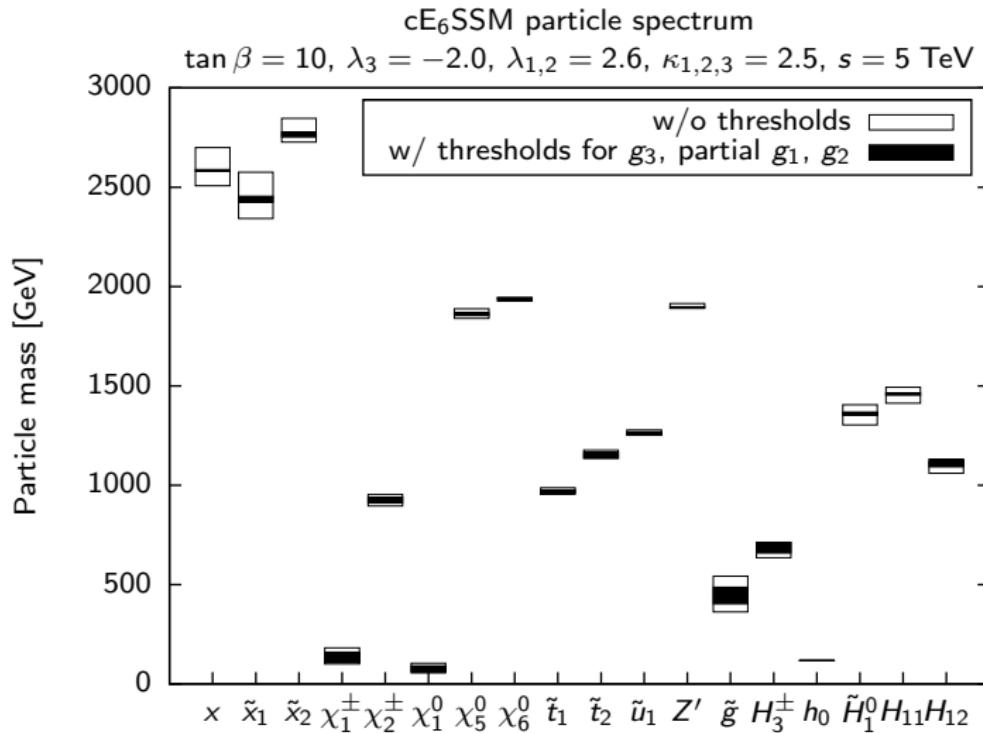
Matching scale dependence



Matching scale dependence



Matching scale dependence



Conclusions and Future plans

Conclusions:

- First study of threshold effects in cE₆SSM
- Very split spectrum → threshold corrections important
- threshold corrections reduce dependency of masses upon matching scale

Future plans:

- complete E₆SSM threshold corrections for g_1, g_2 (partly done already)
- E₆SSM threshold corrections for Yukawa couplings